

Homo-Diels-Alder reaction of a very inactive diene, bicyclo[2,2,1]hepta-2, 5-diene, with the most active dienophile, 4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolin-3,5-dione. Solvent, temperature, and high pressure influence on the reaction rate

Kiselev V., Shakirova I., Kornilov D., Kashaeva H., Potapova L., Konovalov A.
Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia

Abstract

Solvent, temperature, and high pressure influence on the rate constant of homo-Diels-Alder cycloaddition reactions of the very active hetero-dienophile, 4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolin-3,5-dione (1), with the very inactive unconjugated diene, bicyclo[2,2,1]hepta-2,5-diene (2), and of 1 with some substituted anthracenes have been studied. The rate constants change amounts to about seven orders of magnitude: from $3.95 \cdot 10^{-3}$ for reaction (1+2) to $12200 \text{ L mol}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ for reaction of 1 with 9,10-dimethylantracene (4e) in toluene solution at 298 K. A comparison of the reactivity ($\ln k_2$) and the heat of reactions ($r-nH$) of maleic anhydride, tetracyanoethylene and of 1 with several dienes has been performed. The heat of reaction (1+2) is $-218 \pm 2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$, of 1 with 9,10-dimethylantracene $-117.8 \pm 0.7 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$, and of 1 with 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene $-91.6 \pm 0.2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$. From these data, it follows that the exothermicity of reaction (1+2) is higher than that with 1,3-butadiene. However, the heat of reaction of 9,10-dimethylantracene with 1 ($-117.8 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$) is nearly the same as that found for the reaction with the structural C=C counterpart, N-phenylmaleimide ($-117.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$). Since the energy of the N=N bond is considerably lower (418 kJ/bond) than that of the C=C bond (611 kJ/bond), it was proposed that this difference in the bond energy can generate a lower barrier of activation in the Diels-Alder cycloaddition reaction with 1. Linear correlation ($R = 0.94$) of the solvent effect on the rate constants of reaction (1+2) and on the heat of solution of 1 has been observed. The ratio of the volume of activation (V^\ddagger) and the volume of reaction (V_{r-n}) of the homo-Diels-Alder reaction (1+2) is considered as "normal": $V^\ddagger/V_{r-n} = -25.1/-30.95 = 0.81$. Copyright © 2012 John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

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Keywords

4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolin-3,5-dione, activation volume, bicyclo[2,2,1]hepta-2,5-diene, heat of reaction, homo-Diels-Alder reaction, rate constants, reaction volume